

# Safety Data Sheet

According to (EC) No. 1907/2006 Day of issue: 29. April 2019 Day of revision: 29. April 2019

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Enhanced Strept-AP, Cat. No. 5150

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For research and analysis. Restricted to professional users.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

See below

Responsible person for the safety data sheet (e-mail): altox@altox.dk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

UK NHS: Dial 111 or 0845 4647

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP (1272/2008): None

### 2.2. Label elements

None

### 2.3. Other hazards

Contains Sodium azide. Contact with acids may form toxic gases.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures

% w/w	Substance	CAS-no.	EC-no.	Index-no.	REACH	Classification
	Name				regno.	
<0.1	Sodium azide*	26628-22-8	247-852-1	011-004-00-7	-	Acute Tox. 2;H300
						Aquatic Acute 1;H400
						Aquatic Chronic 1;H410
						EUH032

<sup>\*</sup> The substance has an EU occupational exposure limit.

Wording of hazard statements - see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Move the affected person to fresh air. Keep at rest. If needed: get medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and wash with soap and water. If irritation persists: Seek

medical advice.

Eye contact: Flush with water or physiological salt water, holding eye lids open, remember to remove

contact lenses, if any. If irritation persists: Seek medical advice.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Keep under surveillance. If needed: get medical

attention.



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures (continued)**

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause slight irritation of skin, eyes and gastrointestinal tract.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Show this safety data sheet to a physician or emergency ward.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Not combustible; aqueous solution.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not relevant (the product is not combustible).

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

When extinguishing surrounding fires use breathing apparatus with an independent source of air.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment - see section 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid empty into drains. If large amounts of the mixture contaminate sewages, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb spilled liquid and place spillage in a plastic container. Further handling of spillage - see section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See references above.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

See product label. Keep container closed when not in use.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (EH40/2018):

Long-term exposure limit Short-term exposure limit Comment

(8-hr TWA) (15-minute STEL)

Sodium azide 0.1 mg/m³ 0.3 mg/m³ Sk

Sk: Can be absorbed through the skin

DNEL/PNEC: No CSR. **8.2. Exposure controls** 

Appropriate engineering controls: None particular.

Personal protective equipment:

Inhalation: Not relevant during normal use.

Skin: In case of prolonged or repeated work: Wear protective gloves (EN374) e.g. of nitrile.

Breakthrough time: approximately 3 hours.

Eyes: Not relevant during normal use. Safety goggles (EN166) when there is risk of eye contact.

Environmental exposure controls: None particular.



### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Colourless liquid
Odour: Negligible
Odour threshold: Not relevant
pH: 8.6-8.8

Melting point / freezing point (°C):

No available data

Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): ~100

No available data Decomposition temperature (°C): Flash point (°C): Not relevant **Evaporation rate:** No available data Flammability (solid, gas): Not relevant Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits (vol.-%): Not relevant Vapour pressure (hPa, 20°C): No available data No available data Vapour density (air=1): Relative density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>): No available data

Solubility: Completely soluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water, Log K<sub>ow</sub>: No available data Auto-ignition temperature (°C): Not relevant Viscosity: No available data Explosive properties: Not relevant Oxidising properties: Not relevant

### 9.2. Other information

None relevant

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No available data.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions - see section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heating and freezing

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Sodium azide forms a very toxic gas (hydrogen azide) in contact with acids. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper, to form explosive metalazides.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.



### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Hazard class	Data (Sodium azide)	Test	Data source
Acute toxicity:			
Inhalation	$LC_{50}$ (rat) = 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4H	No info	RTECS
Dermal	LD <sub>50</sub> (rabbit) = 20 mg/kg	No info	RTECS
Oral	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) = 27 mg/kg	No info	RTECS
Corrosion/irritation:	No skin or eye irritation	OECD 404, 405	ECHA
Sensitization:	No skin sensitization, guinea pig	OECD 429	ECHA
CMR:	TD <sub>Lo</sub> = 2730 mg/kg/78W (rat, continuous)	No info	RTECS
	"Equivocal tumorigenic agent"	No info	RTECS
	$TD_Lo = 177.5 \text{ mg/kg (rat, 6-19 days after birth):}$		
	"Effects on embryo or foetus"		

Information on likely routes of exposure: Skin, lungs and ingestion.

Symptoms:

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the airways.

Skin: May cause slight irritation to skin with redness.

Eye: May cause irritation to eyes.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic effects: Sodium azide in its pure form does affect the CNS, is a possible mutagen and have caused

carcinogenic effect in rats. No conclusive data for humans.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic	Data (Sodium azide)	Test (Media)	Data source
Fish	LC <sub>50</sub> (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96h) = 2.8 mg/l	OECD 203 (FW)	ECHA
Crustacean	EC <sub>50</sub> (Daphnia pulex, 48h) = 4.2 mg/l	No info	EPA Ecotox
Algae	EC <sub>50</sub> (Pseudokirchneriella sub. 72h) = 0.35 mg/l	OECD 201 (FW)	ECHA

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sodium azide is an inorganic compound. Methods for the determination of the biological degradation is not applicable to inorganic substances.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not relevant (Sodium azide is an inorganic compound)

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No available or applicable data.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No ingredients are PBT/vPvB, according to the criteria in REACH Annex XIII.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None known.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be according to local, state or national legislation. Dispose of through authority facilities or pass to chemical disposal company.

# **EWC-code:**

16 05 09 (mixture itself)

15 02 03 (Paper towel, inert material etc. contaminated with the mixture)

# kementec

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Not dangerous goods according to ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA

- 14.1. UN number None
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name None
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) None
- 14.4. Packing group None
- 14.5. Environmental hazards None
- 14.6. Special precautions for user None
- 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not relevant

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

None

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No CSR

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Hazard statements mentioned in section 3:

H300: Fatal if swallowed.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH032: Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

### **Abbreviations:**

CMR = Carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and reproductive toxicity.

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DNEL = Derived No-Effect Level

EC50 = Effect Concentration 50 %

FW = Fresh Water

LC<sub>50</sub> = Lethal Concentration 50 %

LD<sub>50</sub> = Lethal Dose 50 %

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration

vPvB = very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

## Literature:

ECHA = = European Chemicals Agency

IUCLID = International Uniform Chemical Information Database.

RTECS = Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

### **Training advice:**

No special training is required. However, the user should be well instructed in the execution of his/her task, be familiar with this Safety Data Sheet and have normal training in the use of personal protective equipment.

Prepared by: Altox a/s - Tonsbakken 16-18 - DK-2740 Skovlunde - Phone +45 - 38 34 77 98/ AP - Quality control: PW